



3rd CAIML Symposium "What's next?"









Program



10:30 Welcome Addresses by Jasmin Gründling-Riener (Vice Rector Academic Affairs) Georg Sedlbauer (Federal Ministry for Climate Action, Environment, Energy, Mobility, Innovation and Technology - BMK)

Presentation of **iCAIML Doctoral College**

- 12:00 Lunch Break & Networking
- 13:00 Scientific Talks / Luc de Raedt and Martina Seidl
- 15:30 Coffee Break
- 16:00 Panel Discussion
- 17:00 Networking





iCAIML DOCTORAL COLLEGE

"Innovative Combinations and Applications of AI and ML"

https://caiml.org/icaiml/





The mission of our doctoral college on "Innovative Combinations and Applications of AI and ML" is to investigate the combination of symbolic- and sub-symbolic AI techniques in connection with novel application domains.

Goals:

- Provide top research training committed to excellence in the field of AI and ML, with a unique combination of the areas of symbolic and sub-symbolic AI
- Educate doctoral students to address complex research problems in connection with concrete application domains
- Establish sustainable know-how exchange in the field of symbolic AI and ML through a tight collaboration between industrial and university partners with a focus on foundational problems
- Making the next generation of AI researchers aware of the impact (ethical, environment, etc.) their work might have and define concrete for measures for doing so (in connection with the Digital Humanism activities of TU Wien)





We expect synergetic effects in both directions:

(1) novel combinations of AI methods can pave the way for applications of AI techniques in so far less explored domains

(2) the requirement in specific applications can guide and instruct fundamental research in the field of AI.

This calls for collaboration

- Between different faculties of TU Wien
- With industry partners





Following faculties are part of iCAIML

- Faculty of Informatics
- Faculty of Mathematics and Geoinformation
- Faculty of Architecture and Planning
- Faculty of Physics
- Faculty of Technical Chemistry









Stefan Woltran

Sabine Andergassen







Sabine Andergassen



Ivona Brandic



Agata Ciabattoni



Thomas Eiter









Peter Filzmoser

Thomas Gärtner

Clemens Heitzinger

Martin Kampel





Peter Knees



Georg Madsen



Nysret Musliu



Julia Neidhardt









Emanuel Sallinger

Stefan Szeider

Milica Vujovic

Stefan Woltran

iCAIML 16 projects



- Graph Neural Networks
- Reinforcement Learning for Enhancing Sepsis Treatment
- Towards Explainable and Knowledge-driven Large Language Models
- Mathematical Methods in Al
- Decision Support in Air-Traffic Control
- Advanced Solving Techniques for Production Planning and Scheduling
- Logical Methods for Deontic Explanations in Law
- Developing Declarative ASP Models with Interactive LLM use
- Al for Dementia Care
- Declarative and Hybrid AI in Financial Knowledge Graphs
- Integrating Large Language Models in Automated Constraint Programming Optimization
- Al-supported Higher Education Learning Spaces: Al-Enabled Teaching Strategy Optimization
- Supporting Senior Long-term Care Environment Design through Knowledge Graph-Driven Architectural Design
- Atomistic Simulations of Electrochemical Interfaces
- Microscopic Derivation of Effective Lattice Model Hamiltonians for Long-Range Interacting Atoms
- Al for Communication in Hybrid Classic Quantum Systems



iCAIML 16 projects



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Reinforcement Learning for Enhancing Sepsis Treatment





Supervisor: Clemens Heitzinger

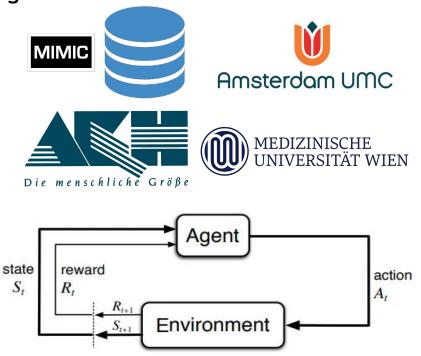
Researcher: Mohammad Mahdi Azarbeik

Objectives:

Developing a reinforcement learning algorithm to optimize corticosteroid therapy in sepsis, leveraging high-resolution clinical data from intensive care databases to enhance treatment decision-making and decrease sepsis-related mortality.

Methodology: Leveraging Reinforcement Learning

- Utilizing High-Resolution Clinical Data (MIMIC, AmsterdamUMCdb, and AKH database)
- Modeling Patient Environment with MDP, defined by the tuple {S,A,T(s',s,a),R(s'),γ}
- Terminal states: A positive reward for survival and a negative penalty for death.



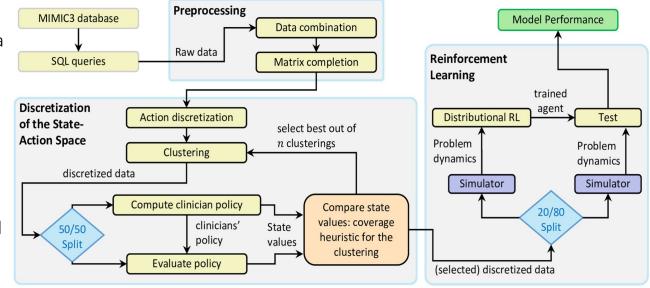


Experiments

- Clustering time series data
- Off-Policy Deep Distributional RL
- HCOPE

Expected Results:

Decreased Sepsis-Related
 Mortality



Overall flowchart of the experiments. [2]

Further reads:

- [1] Bologheanu, R., Kapral, L., Laxar, D., et al. Development of a Reinforcement Learning Algorithm to Optimize Corticosteroid Therapy in Critically Ill Patients with Sepsis. J. Clin. Med. 2023, 12, 1513. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/jcm12041513</u>
- [2] Böck M, Malle J, Pasterk D, Kukina H, Hasani R, et al. (2022) Superhuman performance on sepsis MIMIC-III data by distributional reinforcement learning. PLOS ONE 17(11): e0275358. <u>https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0275358</u>
- [3] Komorowski, M., Celi, L.A., Badawi, O. *et al*. The Artificial Intelligence Clinician learns optimal treatment strategies for sepsis in intensive care. *Nat Med* 24, 1716–1720 (2018). <u>https://doi.org/10.1038/s41591-018-0213-5</u>

AI for HCQS



AI for Communication in Hybrid Classic Quantum Systems









Supervisors: Ivona Brandic, Vincenzo De Maio

Researcher: Sabrina Herbst

Co-supervision: Sabine Andergassen

Objectives:

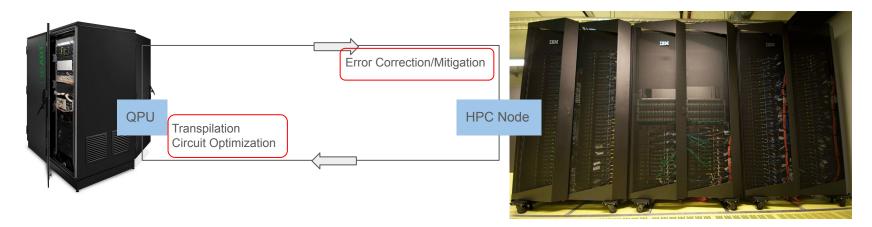
The goal of this project is to use ML techniques for the integration of hybrid systems in the Post-Moore era.







High-Performance integrated Quantum Computing



Publications:

- Herbst, S et al. 2024. Streaming IoT Data and the Quantum Edge: A Classic/Quantum Machine Learning Use Case. In: Zeinalipour, D., et al. Euro-Par 2023: Parallel Processing Workshops. Euro-Par 2023. Lecture Notes in Computer Science, vol 14351. Springer, Cham
- De Maio, V. et al. 2022. A Roadmap To Post-Moore Era for Distributed Systems. In Proceedings of the 2022 Workshop on Advanced tools, programming languages, and PLatforms for Implementing and Evaluating algorithms for Distributed systems (ApPLIED '22). Association for Computing Machinery, New York, NY, USA, 30–34.
- De Maio, V. et al. 2024. Training Computer Scientists for the Challenges of Hybrid Quantum-Classical Computing. To appear at CCGRID 2024.



Quantum Machine Learning

Promising field

- Speed-Ups
- Space-Efficiency
- Expressivity

Quantum Information Theory provides an alternative way of thinking

- How can we process information more efficiently?
- How can quantum phenomena be exploited to lead to advantages?

New paradigms: Quantum-Inspired Machine Learning



Declarative and Hybrid AI in Financial Knowledge Graphs



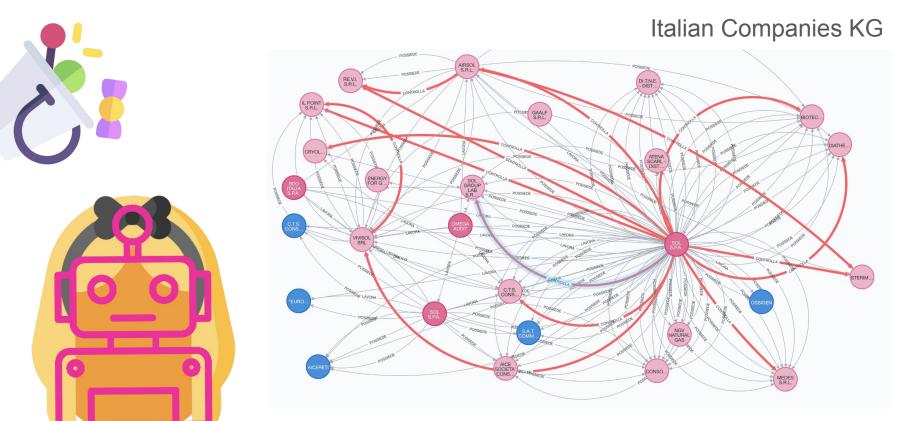
Supervisor: Emanuel Sallinger

Objectives:

On the side of declarative AI, our objective is to develop logical reasoners based on Vadalog that are able to handle such temporal, financial Knowledge Graphs as well as the scale of data encountered here. On the side of hybrid AI, we aim to include Knowledge Graph embeddings (KGEs), Graph Neural Networks (GNNs) and/or Large Language Models (LLMs), as required by the specific research questions.

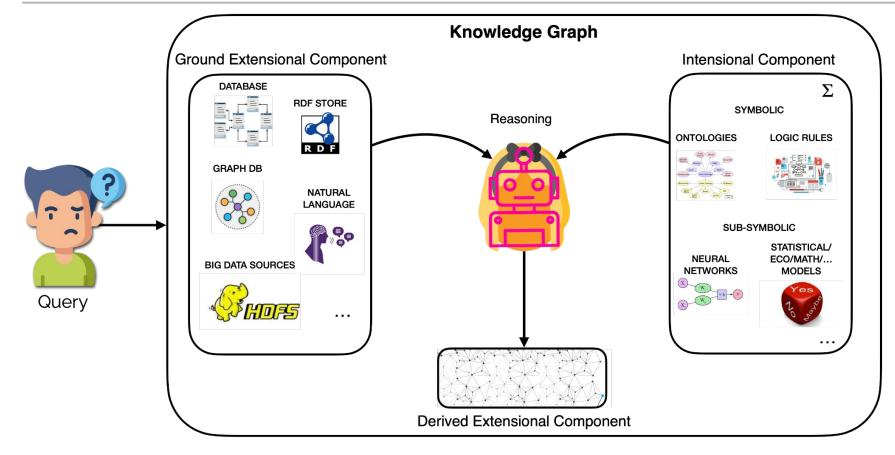
Researcher: Livia Blasi

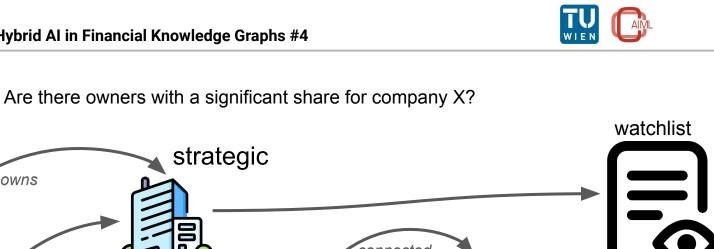


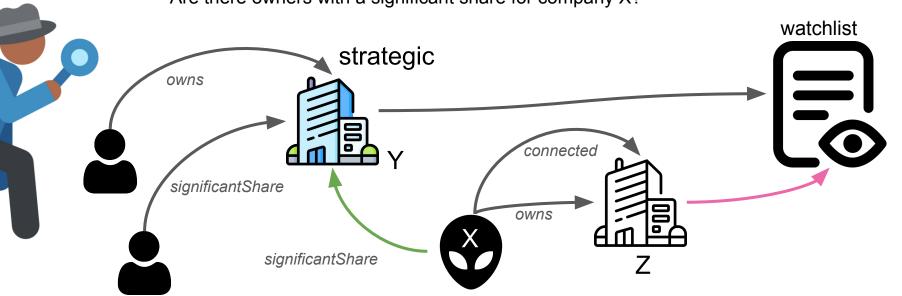


Intensional knowledge + Extensional knowledge



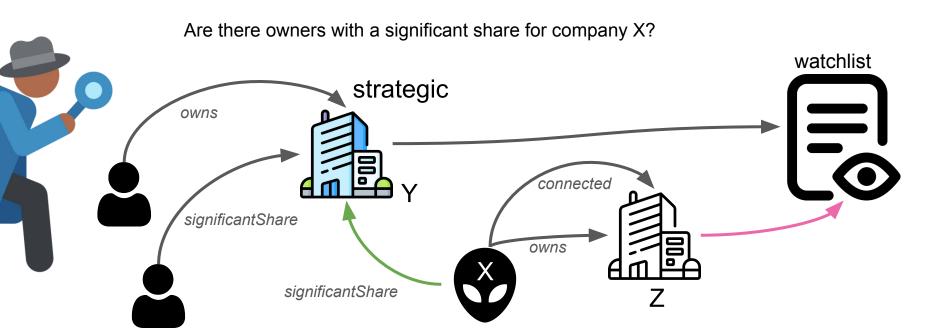






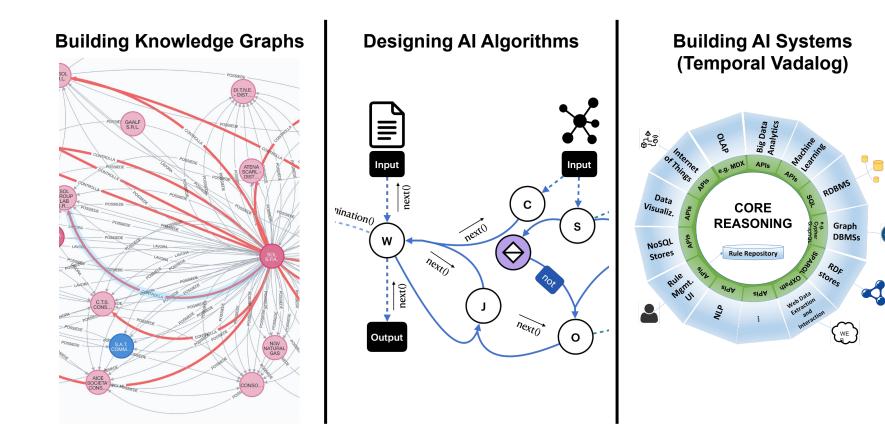
 $significantShare(X, Y) \rightarrow significantOwner(X, Y)$

watchCompany(Y), significantOwner(X, Y), connected(X, Z) \rightarrow watchCompany(Z)



 $\Box_{[0,1]} significantShare(X, Y), \neg \diamondsuit_{(1,2]} significantShare(X, Y) \rightarrow significantOwner(X, Y)$ watchCompany(Y), significantOwner(X, Y), connected(X, Z) \rightarrow watchCompany(Z)







Towards Explainable and Knowledge-driven LLMs



Stefan Woltran, Peter Knees Objectives:



researcher: Ilya Lasy

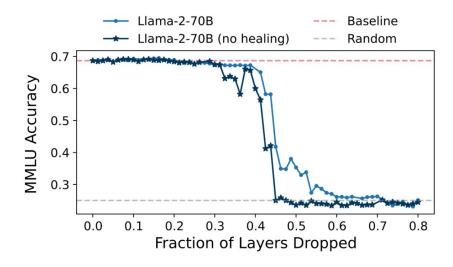
The goal of the thesis is to investigate the inner workings of Large Language Models and other domain-specific Transformer-based architectures to gain a deep understanding of the learned representations and inference processes. This understanding shall then serve as foundation to build interpretable systems based on explicit knowledge, in particular with the goal to guarantee outputs of a certain quality and avoid so-called "hallucinations".



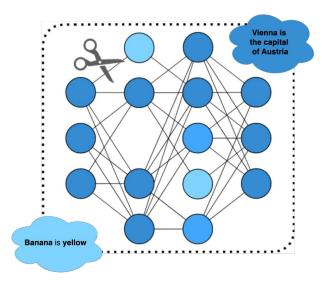
LLM flaws:

- End-to-end (single module)
- Overparameterized (Contains non-informative weights)

(Gromov et.al 2024)



- Requires domain specific fine-tuning
- No <u>clear</u> understanding on what, where and how knowledge is stored

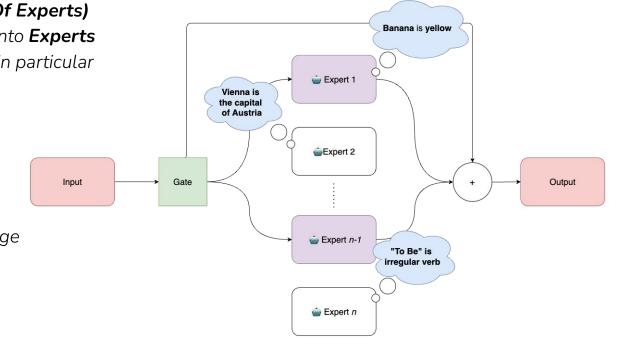


(Bayazit et.al 2023)



Proposal: make LLM interpretable and efficient **by design (Mixture Of Experts)**

- LLM layers are splitted into **Experts**
- Each expert specializes in particular **knowledge type**



Knowledge:

- World Facts
- Commonsense knowledge
- Linguistic
- Task/Domain Specific
- ...



Integrating LLMs in Automated Constraint Programming Optimization



Stefan Szeider, Julia Neidhardt

Objectives:

researcher: Florentina Voboril

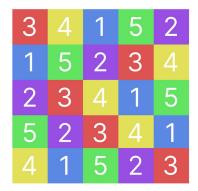
The main objective of this project is to combine the power of Large Language Models (LLMs) for automated Constraint Programming (CP) optimization. More specifically, the plan is to use LLMs to come up with streamlining constraints, implied (redundant) constraints, symmetry-breaking constraints, and dominance-breaking constraints.



Constraint Programming

- Programming paradigm
- Relationships between variables
- Solver

```
% Constraints to ensure all numbers in each row and column are different
constraint forall (c in COLS) (alldifferent([Latin_square[r,c] | r in ROWS]));
constraint forall (r in ROWS) (alldifferent([Latin_square[r,c] | c in COLS]));
```



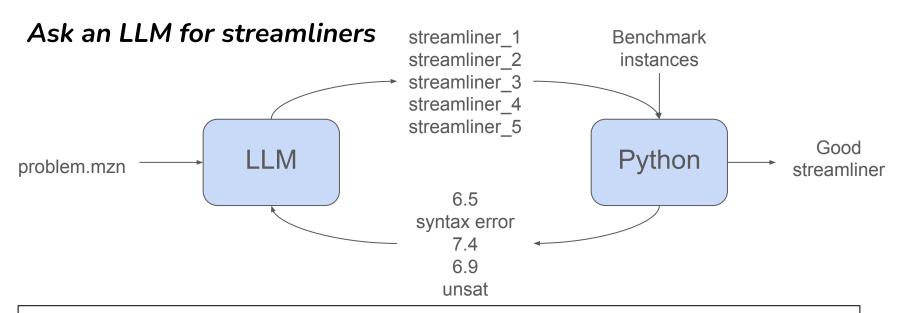
Example: Latin Square

1	4	5	3	2
3	2	4	5	1
2	5	3	1	4
5	1	2	4	3
4	3	1	2	5

Streamliners

- Additional constraints
- Focus on promising segments of the search space

% Streamliner: Fixing Diagonal Values constraint forall(i in 1..n) (Latin_square[i,i] = i);

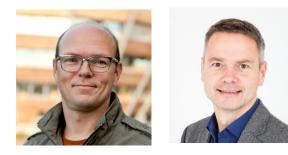


- Can LLM streamliners compete with streamliners suggested by human experts?
- How to give feedback to the LLM for improved streamliners?
- Are LLMs capable of mathematical reasoning (and not just plagiarize answers they have been trained with)?
- Can we find LLM streamliners in a real-time setting competitively?





Graph Neural Networks



Thomas Gärtner, Stefan Szeider

researcher: Fabian Jogl

Objectives:

The objective of our research is

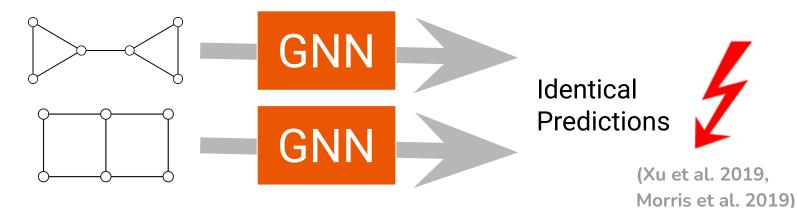
- 1. to improve the understanding of what functions graph neural networks can express
- 2. to develop graph neural networks that can express more functions.



What is a GNN?



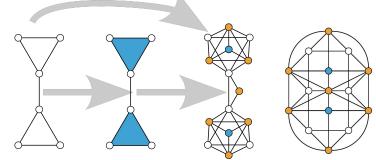
GNNs are not sufficiently expressive:



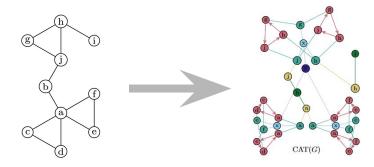


Expressivity as graph transformation:

(NeurIPS 2023)

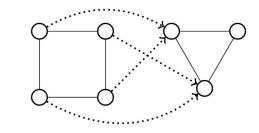


Maximal expressivity for outerplanar graphs: (GLF@NeurIPS 2023)



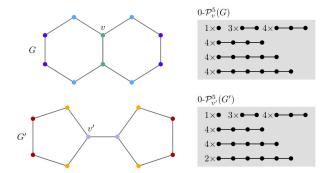
Sampling Homomorphism Improves GNNs

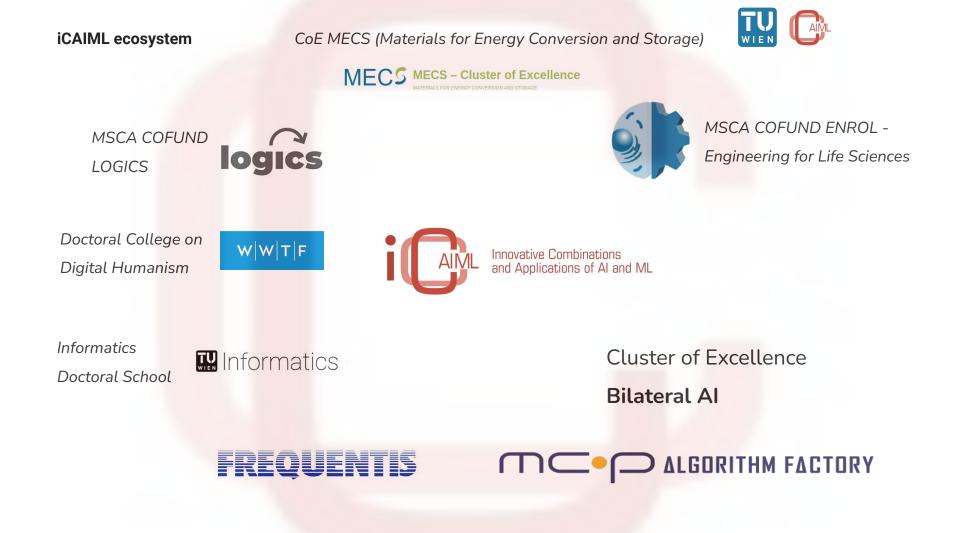
(ICML 2023)



Path Information Improves GNNs

(ICML 2024)









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Georg Trausmuth Director Corporate Research

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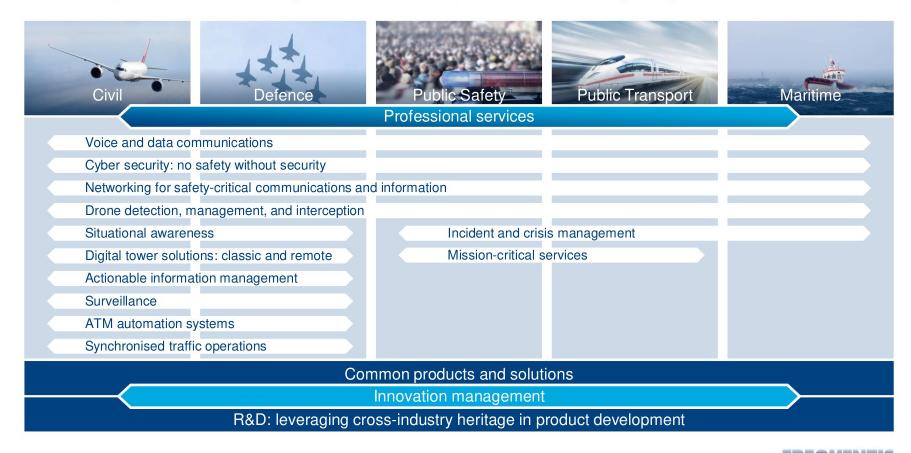








Global specialist driven by know-how, experience, and synergies



Established **1947** Headquarters Vienna, Austria

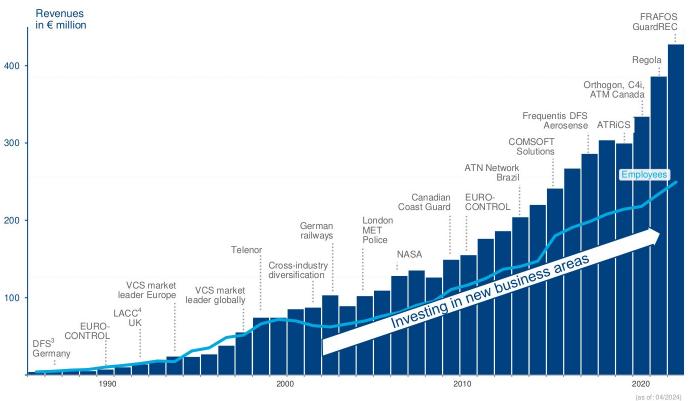
75+ years experience with safety-critical applications

> 2,217 Employees¹ 75% STEM² & specialists 50+ nations



Frequentis group at a glance

30+ years of profitable growth



1) As of 2022: average in full-time equivalents (FTE); 2) Science, Technology, Engineering, Math 3) Deutsche Flugsicherung 4) London Area Control Centre, operated by NATS





150 countries



of our customers are government agencies



49,000+ working positions using Frequentis solutions



33% of the world safer with Frequentis networks



95% of all air traffic is safely managed by our technology

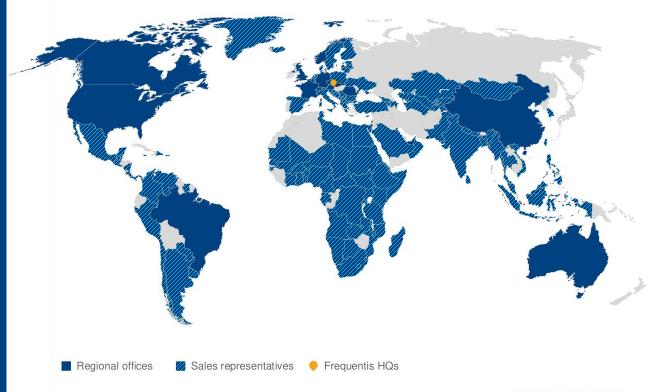


#1 in GSM-R dispatcher terminals



240,000 km largest maritime coastline protected

A strong network around the world





Frequentis General | © Frequentis AG 2024



Ziel mit KI: neue Kombinationen von Einschränkungen lösen

Mögliche Themen: Scheduling, Personaleinsatzplanung, Tourenplanung, Energiemanagement



223



- CAIML students seminar
- iCAIML retreat
- Digital Humanism Summer School September 2-6











Thank you! Enjoy lunch



- 12:00 Lunch Break & Networking
- 13:00 Cluster presentation by Thomas Eiter
- 13:30 Scientific Talks / Luc de Raedt and Martina Seidl
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- 17:00 Networking



Bilateral AI Cluster presentation by Thomas Eiter



Scientific Talk Martina Seidl



Scientific Talk Luc de Raedt



Panel Discussion

Kees van Berkel, Julia Neidhardt,

Stefan Neumann, Emanuel

Sallinger, Milica Vujovic Moderation: Ivona Brandic





Thank you! Till may 2025