

Yes, we're open!?

#DasOffeneWissenslabor

The Commons Approach: Re-opening AI for the Public Good

Katja Mayer (Uni Vienna; ZSI),

Jochen Knaus (Weizenbaum Institut), Stefan Skupien (Berlin University Alliance)

Digital Humanism Research Conference

21 November 2025

katja.mayer@univie.ac.at



Yes, we're open!?

KÜNSTLICHE INTELLIGENZ MIT
VERANTWORTUNG GESTALTEN
25/03/25, 10-19.30,
WEIZENBAUM INSTITUT /
CHANGE HUB

#DasOffeneWissenslabor



The Problem: *(amongst others)* The Capture of AI

AI runs on public knowledge, but its control is increasingly private.

What Open Science and the Digital Commons Already Offer....

Open Science Area	Core Practice / Principle	Analogue in the AI Open Space	Current Limitations / Gaps
Open Access Publications	Free access to publications	Technical reports, blogs, discussion, ...	Many AI publications lack reproducibility; key details omitted
Open Data	FAIR data sharing in trusted repositories, metadata curation	Open datasets (LAION, Common Crawl), Data Papers,	Training data often undisclosed; legal/ethical constraints; dataset opacity
Open Code	Code openly available under F and OSI licenses	Open-weight models, open inference code, Hugging Face-style sharing, Model Cards,...	"Openwashing"; missing training code; partial releases
Open Methods / Protocols	Transparent methods, preregistration, protocols	Training recipes, hyperparameters, evaluation pipelines	Rarely fully shared; compute makes reproduction hard
Open Infrastructure	Public repositories, archives, long-term stewardship	Model hubs, dataset hubs, open evaluation platforms	Mostly run by private companies; sustainability unclear
Open Evaluation	Transparent reviewing and validation, open peer review	Open benchmarking results, Community model evaluations, red-teaming, public benchmarks	Evaluations fragmented; dominated by industry resources
Citizen Science / Public Engagement	Co-creation with society	Participatory AI design, community dataset stewardship	Still marginal; little structural support
Open Educational Resources	Freely accessible teaching materials	AI ethics curricula, model playgrounds for learning	Often tied to corporate platforms; uneven access
Open Governance / Open Policies	Community-driven standards, transparent policymaking	Open licenses for models/data; community governance experiments	No stable governance frameworks; power asymmetries remain
Open Licenses	Clear legal terms enabling reuse, modification, sharing (e.g. CC, MIT, GPL)	Emerging AI licenses for models, datasets, and weights (e.g. OpenRAIL, ML-specific CC variants, meta-model licenses)	Licensing often unclear or incomplete; training data rarely licensed; violations hard to enforce; risk of openwashing; legal uncertainty around model outputs

**AI that takes from
the commons
must also be built
for the commons.**



Call to ACTION – the Weizenbaum Papers

- Create collaborative knowledge spaces
- Build competencies in AI and data literacy
- Strengthen open, interoperable AI infrastructures
- Develop participatory governance models
- Enhance cooperation across sectors
- Promote digital sovereignty
- Secure long-term funding for shared infrastructures for the commons



The democratic futures of AI depend on the networks that sustain the commons.

Digital Humanism should strengthen these
networks and will grow stronger by doing so.